





(A) Naturalized European larch.  
Bebb's willow partly defoliated  
by gyp moth.

(B) Shagbark & Bitternut hickories  
of all ages with adequate repro.  
Older ones all open-grown in  
an aban. field.

36" sug, prob. used for sap.  
28" SNAG & 30"  
22" BITTERNUT

The 30" SNAG has a large limb  
down for at least 10y: 20" diam.  
limb is about 100y old. \* ←  
Graphed

(C) Forest is typical 2° or 30+  
growth with ±30y stumps.  
Nothing unusual except the hickories  
themselves. A rich, moist sub-ash  
site with Adiantum, Hepatica  
& Galium circaeazans (?)

Canopholis. Scattered OAK &  
BB Oaks to 30". to PB

(D) On crest, 4 SNAGS 12" to 16"  
with some repro. Must be seed  
source for SNAGS on old fields  
below.

Carex communis dominates ground.

(E) SNAGS 6", 12" on old pasture  
with PB common. Five 16"  
Bitternuts with aments on ground.

(G) Rock cairn, 7 ft. high  
piled up on a flat  
boulder, similar to those on N  
flank of Hill Road Ridge off DBR (see pp. )

BB next to cairn.  
BASS.  
12" sug.

Bum index (4)

Steve Lanner reports SNAGS also  
from Ferris Hill Rd area, SE of  
Grand Ledge Station. There are not  
far from the popln. between  
Prattsville and Lexington.

Also a few behind his house  
on Grant Rd at Kelly Cars on  
Morris Hill.

How did the hickories get  
here? Pre-settlement? If so,  
then N hardwoods had to be  
removed. Burned? Cleared  
by stone axes? When?

\* The SNAG at Jay Levine's SW of  
Buicerville (see p. 121-14) Graphed  
was 28" on the stump & ca-140y.

11/8/10 Numerous shags 20", 24" dbh  
once scattered in open fields, like a  
sub bush. Most trees much younger in  
2-age stand. Bitternut <sup>also</sup> common 15"  
± dbh.

High tree diversity: 2 hickories + N red  
Oak + BB + OST + YB + PB + N hardwoods  
BASS + BITTERNUT